

IMPLEMENTATION OF PANTAWID PAMILYANG PILIPINO PROGRAM AND WELL-BEING OF INDIGENOUS PEOPLES OF TALAINGOD, DAVAO DEL NORTE

Jennylou B. Maglasang

A graduate of Master of Public Administration and a registered Social Worker working at the Department of Social Welfare and Development in Region XI

Aristeo C. Salapa

A professor of Master of Public Administration from the University of Southeastern Philippines, Davao City and DPA candidate from UP-NCPAG, Diliman, Quezon City

ABSTRACT

The study is conducted to evaluate and determine the implementation of PantawidPamilyang Pilipino Program (4Ps) and and Well- Being of Indigenous Peoples (IP) of Talaingod, Davao del Norte.

A descriptive evaluative study was employed. A total of 346 respondents selected using Slovin formula with proportional sampling per barangay. The survey questionnaire undertook a reliability test. It was divided into two parts- socio demographic and extent of implementation. These were all together analyzed via the status of the program of the said Municipality as well as change in the well-being measured as to economic sufficiency and social adequacy.

Results showed that based on the disbursement status, the budget for the Municipality has increased due to the expanded set of the program. As to the Municipal Action Team (MAT), it showed to be functional as well as the Municipal Convergence Inter-Agency Advisory Committee (MCIAAC).

Furthermore, for socio-economic profile, most of the IP respondents are blue- collar workers with an income of Php 151-200 per day. Majority of the household has 5 members and below with 1 family in the household spending Php 100 and below. These summed up the concern and plight of IP for decent and quality of life ahead.

The extent of implementation of 4Ps to the IPs in terms of skills, employment, education, health, nutrition and family development session is effective.

The level of well-being of the IPs from second wave to third as to economic sufficiency and social adequacy have bit improved.

Finally, the Municipal Transition Plan (MTP) was formulated by the local government unit to address the identified gaps of social welfare indicator in terms of economic sufficiency and social adequacy.

Keywords: 4Ps, indigenous peoples, well-being, local government unit, Sub-Theme Category: SDG- inclusive well-being